

Figure 16.—Temperatures recorded on rock bolts in backfill and in mine atmosphere.





Figure 17.—Load cells at truss four-way bracket.



Figure 18.—Backfill failure at four-way bracket.

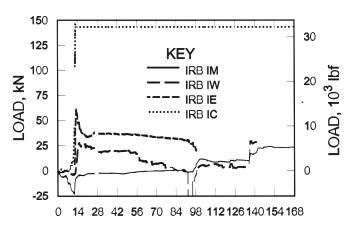


Figure 19.—Data from instrumented bolts in truss.

February 28, 6:00 p.m. March 1, 6:00 a.m. Instrument March 1, 6:00 p.m. kN lb kN lh kΝ lh Load cells: IS truss ..... 46.7 10,489 53.7 12,075 13.6 3,064 IM truss ..... 9,533 50.2 11,288 644 42 4 2.9 IW truss ..... 62.7 14,095 81.8 18,398 165 37,067 23,485 25,584 180 40,539 IE truss ..... 104 114 89.6 20,144 75.4 16,943 2.9 650 IC truss, vertical . . . . . . . . . Instrumented bolt: 10.0 2,242 12.4 2,783 17.1 3,847 IM truss ..... IW truss ..... 1,555 17.4 3,911 29.2 6,558 6.9 Load cell on vertical bolt: 33 7 7 578 29.2 6.560 23.7 5.321 13.0 2,920 8.3 1,875 8.5 1,908

Table 4.—Pressure readings on truss and rock bolts during intersection failure.

#### CONCLUSIONS

An extensive instrumentation project carried out in the intersection area of cut 8 of the 05 stope on the 5660 level of the Lucky Friday Mine showed that the intersection truss installed to provide additional support did not function fully because closure across the vein reduced the effectiveness of the horizontal truss legs in the slot and muck bay. Data from the instruments indicated that wall closure induced loads in the truss legs parallel to the vein and in the vertical rock bolts, but that insignificant support was supplied by the truss legs perpendicular to the vein. Therefore, the mine staff decided to use an alternative support system of wood beams and posts to ensure the safety of miners working beneath the backfill.

Project data also showed that some rock bolts placed vertically in the backfill for reinforcement were taking loads past their yield strength of 160 kN (36,000 lb). This is the first documentation of mining-induced loads on rock bolts in backfill at the Lucky Friday Mine. The instruments also documented for the first time significant closure across the slot and an almost total lack of wall rock movement in the muck bay. All instruments recorded changes as mining of subsequent cuts passed by the instrument locations.

An interpretation of the interaction among wall closure, backfill deformation, and induced loads in the vertical rock bolts in the cemented backfill is presented in figure 15 and indicates how the reinforced backfill support system may work. This knowledge is important for designing backfill support systems for other mines to ensure the safety of miners working in underhand stopes.

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## APPENDIX A: RESULTS OF UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TESTS OF BACKFILL

Sample designation	Type of sample	Date of placement	Location
A	Cored	Jan. 14, 1997	5660-05 ramp-stope intersection cut
В	In situ	Mar. 11, 1997	5660-05 east (left) side of stope cut
C	In situ	Oct. 10, 1997	5660-05 ranp-stope intersection cut
D	Cored		5500-01 ramp stope intersection cut

Specimen	Curing time, days	Compressive strength, psi			
series		Average	Range		Coefficient of
			Minimum	Maximum	variation, %
Sample type A:					
1	43	628.7	577.5	685.1	5.3
2	45	632.0	571.2	694.9	6.4
Sample type B:					
1	14	450.6	414.3	477.4	5.7
2	28	499.8	469.2	530.3	4.8
3	90	613.2	575.4	698.0	7.4
Sample type C:					
1	7	302.8	247.7	398.8	18.0
2	28	472.4	385.7	556.2	14.7
Sample type D:					
1	?	249.6	241.3	263.1	3.4



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